

THE CLIMAX.

FRENCH TIPTON, - - - EDITOR.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1889.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

August Election, 1890.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

STEPHEN G. SHARPE,

of Fayette county.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

HON. W. T. TEVIS,

of Madison county.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

W. B. SMITH,

of Boone county.

FOR CLERK,

R. D. HILLY MILLER.

Vote for Tevis and Smith.

Vote for W. T. Tevis for Senator and for W. B. Smith for Representative.

Vote for a new constitution and thereby break up the great flood of local legislation.

Gen. Cassius M. Clay writes a rather incisive letter to the Courier-Journal. He slices up certain elements of the Republican regime.

How can our Legislature ever transcend any general business, so long as it is weighed down with local bills? Vote for the new constitution.

From a supplement sent out by the Frankfort Capital containing the constitution of Kentucky and the official vote adopting the same, we observe that the majority in the State was 51,351.

Dr. Phil Roberts was on last Wednesday nominated for the State Senate by the Republicans in convention assembled in Richmond. Dr. Roberts represented Madison county in the Legislature some years ago. We are sorry to say that the avenue through which he must pass to reach the Senate is completely blocked.

THE COLORED MEN SPEAK.

At Birmingham there is a newspaper called the Courier, and it is edited by colored men. In its issue of the 15th it says: "Let the colored race have a fair hearing on a receipt in full for all claims long due on bond, and in 1892 let the self-respecting negroes of the South show this man that they have rights which even a president of the United States must respect."

HON. W. T. TEVIS NOMINATED FOR THE SENATE.

Pursuant to a call, the Senatorial Democratic Convention for the 22nd district was held in the Court House in Richmond, on Saturday, July 20th, 1889. Chairman C. D. Chennault called the convention to order and stated its objects. Mr. J. D. Winn, of Boyle county, was elected chairman, and Mr. S. D. Parrish, of Madison county, Secretary.

Nominations being in order, the names of W. T. Tevis, L. Shelby Irvine, J. D. Harris, J. J. Brooks and others were put forward with speeches by Col. Tevis, Senator Harris, Mr. J. A. Sullivan, Dr. Poyntz, Hon. J. R. Burman and others. But the parties whose names had been put forth, all asked to be excused, except Hon. W. T. Tevis, who was unanimously nominated.

Col. Tevis accepted in an excellent stirring speech, amidst great applause.

The meeting then adjourned.

Col. Tevis well represented Madison county in the Legislature, two years ago, and is a skilled politician, a prosperous farmer and good citizen. He said he would run to win, and no doubt he will. He left at once for Frankfort to open the canvass.

NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

Yellow fever has made its appearance in Coler.

The Fayette Court of Claims has appropriated \$50,000 for a new jail.

Allie Lee, of Danville, aged 15 years, was drowned in Dix River, Monday.

So far as ascertained, seventeen people lost their lives in the flood in West Virginia.

John T. Leavelle died at Drapensville, aged 60 years. He was the last of nine brothers.

Wells, a convict, escaped from a rail road camp near Georgetown, and was pursued and killed by guards.

Henrietta McDaniel was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for the murder of Ed J. Cross at Mayville.

Mrs. Nancy Ann Eughan Crow, a native of Lancaster county, died in Boyle county, last week, aged 77 years.

Henry, the sixteen-year-old son of William H. Clay, was drowned Friday while crossing a swollen creek near Paris, Ky.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Memphis, Tenn., Friday evening, at 6:30 o'clock. Another shock was felt at 8:15. No damage is reported.

The loss to life insurance companies, by reason of the flood in the Cumbergh Valley, will reach over \$250,000. Nearly \$175,000 has already been paid.

At Gallatin, Tenn., H. S. Dunn has sold the Western Union Telegraph Company for \$20,000 damages, for having transmitted newspaper dispatches stating that he was a Unionist.

A wild of an unknown Indian fell from the river at a dam near Paducah, and Henry Shelton, the colored man, was in the water to rescue him. Both man and child went down together, and were drowned.

James Goodloe, of the Sevenths regiment, is being sent to Ireland.

CONCERNING FARMERS.

In Garrard county, 122 stock ewes sold at \$3.50.

In Boyle county, 3,000 bushels of wheat sold at 70 cents.

One hundred and twenty-five horses were burned in a livery stable in New York, Sunday.

In the month of June J. F. Tabb bought and shipped from his warehouse in Mt. Sterling, 12,000 chickens.

The wool clip of the United States increased from 60,000,000 pounds in 1880 to more than 800,000,000 pounds in 1884.

The raising of hemp has proved a success in New York State, and it will probably be grown there hereafter in great quantities.

Another Ramsey reports no public sales of cattle at Winchester, Monday, and only 40 privately. They were 1,000 pounds and went at \$3.25. Day generally dull.

Of the seventeen foals from Miss Russell, the dam of Mamie S., only two are dead. It is estimated that Miss Russell's living produce represents a value of not less than \$300,000.

The Weekly Crop Bulletin, published by the Kentucky State Weather Service in connection with the Signal Service, for the week ending Saturday, is the most encouraging issue for some weeks.

M. G. & Jno. G. Welsinger sold 1,500 bushels of old wheat to C. G. Vanardell, of Louisville, at 85c. John G. Welsinger sold his growing crop of wheat for 80c last fall. Our local buyers are offering only 70c to-day.—Danville Advocate.

James S. Stoll has purchased of Ed. A. Tipton, Lexington, a half interest in the bay colt Red Liqueur, by Red Wilkes, dam Edna Sprague, by Gov. Sprague. Red Liqueur is entered in the 11,000 stake of the Spirit of the Times, and is one of the best bred colts in the country.

During 1888 the amount of money won in purses and stakes on the American Turf amounted to \$2,616,867.50, of which first money was \$2,153,133.50, second money \$387,688.55 and third money \$72,265.45. The number of starts was 29,334, and largest winning horse was "Proctor" owned by Luke Blackburn, who won \$70,715.—Live Stock Record.

The San Francisco Journal of Commerce says: During the week the wheat market has been moderately active with a fair business being transacted. The market for shipping wheat has been, on the whole, quotable at \$1.27 1/2 to \$1.30. These figures, of course are not satisfactory to the general run of producers, and business will not be very active before new wheat begins to come in the market in quantity.

T. B. Rippe has bought in this, Boyle and Lincoln counties over 200 more large shipping cattle at \$4.50 a hundred, for delivery within the next 30 or 60 days.—David Patten, of Cincinnati, bought in this county from J. A. Cohen 65 hogs averaging 205 pounds; of Ed. Murphy, a small bunch averaging 280, and of Win. Moreland 35 averaging 190, and T. J. McMurtry 107 averaging 200, all at 42 cents a pound.—Anderson News.

Local buyers and farmers have been interesting themselves during the past week in making estimates as to what will be the probable yield of the wheat crop. It is generally conceded that it will be as large as it usually is, and some think there will be a falling off of at least one-third. A gentleman tells that he has closely investigated several fields in which the grain has been cut, and he had found an inch of the top of almost every head destroyed, and the grain lost was the destroyer.—Midway Clipper.

Robert L. Porter, Superintendent of Census, says: "It is equally important to the country that the returns in relation to farm products and livestock should be full and correct. The enumeration in the house to house visit will make during the month of June, 1890, is constantly met with the fact that farmers keep no books and hence returns are not infrequently guess work. The census year begins June 1st next and ends May 31st, 1890. If farmers throughout the country would note this fact and keep account of the products of their farms during the census year it would be of material aid in securing reliable returns for the Eleventh Census."

A New York telegram of the 25th says: The annual sale of the South-down sheep at the fold in Central Park took place yesterday. Along with the sheep seventy-five ewes were sold. They brought about \$100, the wool being of a superior quality. The first choice of a ram lamb was purchased by Wendell Goodwin, of this city, for \$24.50. The ram was three months old. Samuel Allen, of Rockport, Tex., bought ten rams at \$100 each, S. B. Newell, of Great Barrington, Mass., three at \$150 each. Altogether forty-one sheep were sold. They brought with the fleeces \$500. They were all taken away, except four that are going on Saturday by steamer to Galveston.

The Inter Ocean does not propose to disguise the fact that the wheat crop in North Dakota this year will fall below the average of years passed. The difficulty is not in the soil; it is not in the lack of proper cultivation, or in poor seed, but is wholly in the great need of rain. In some portions of the country the grain looks well. Perhaps one-fourth of the area sown to wheat will yield good returns; another fourth will bring an average crop; another fourth will be cut by the present time. Heavy rains within the next few days will help the late sown grain. Those who fix the price of wheat may as well prepare to pay a good round figure this year.—Devils Lake Inter Ocean.

State Fairs will be held as follows: Illinois, at Peoria, September 23 to 27. W. C. Garrard, Secretary, Springfield; Indiana, at Indianapolis, September 23 to 27. J. J. Williams, Secretary, Indianapolis; Iowa, at Des Moines, August 30 to September 6. John R. Shaffer, Secretary, Des Moines; Kansas, at Topeka, September 10 to 14. E. G. Moon, Secretary, Topeka; Minnesota, at Hennepin, September 6 to 11. H. T. Deane, Secretary, Hennepin; Missouri, at Sedalia, August 29 to 31. A. L. Burr, Secretary, Sedalia; Nebraska, at Lincoln, September 6 to 13. R. W. Furnas, Secretary, Brownville; New York, at Albany, September 12 to 19. J. S. Woodard, Secretary, Albany; Ohio, at Columbus, September 2 to 7. Address Secretary, Columbus.

The cotton harvest is at last to be practically tested. The station Office at Harpersville, Cal., has received a large number of bales of cotton from the

for several years been perfecting their picker, have made a contract with the Chattanooga Agricultural Works for the manufacture of a number of pickers in time for the coming crop. Mr. John P. Richardson, one of the most extensive planters in the South, after a careful investigation has agreed to buy a number, and estimates he will save \$30,000 in the picking of his cotton crop compared with hand picking. He says: "I believe the machine, in its present condition, will pick cotton at a cost of not exceeding 10 cents per hundred, and, as you know we have to pay cotton-pickers from 50 cents to \$1.25 per hundred for picking."—Manufacturers' Record.

Col. Bennett H. Young, in a letter to the Courier-Journal, calls attention to the fact that grape rot has made its appearance in this vicinity. He thinks this ravaging disease, which has destroyed so many bright hopes of a grape crop, can be effectively stayed by the use of the remedial process in the Agricultural Bureau at Washington, which are, first: Eau celeste, which consists of 1 lb. copper sulphate, 1 1/2 pints liquid ammonia and 22 gallons of water. Second, the Bordeaux mixture, consists of 6 lbs. copper sulphate, 4 lbs. sugar lime and 22 gallons water. Dissolve the copper sulphate and lime in separate vessels and add the water. A larger or smaller portion may be made—using same proportions. On the appearance of the rot, spray, or throw the mixture on the vines with a brush or broom. The Government authorities had such good success in these remedies that their use was strongly recommended.—Farmers Home Journal.

Office of GREENE & EMBURY, Cincinnati Union Stock Yards, July 1st, 1889.

Dear Sirs:—Receipts at Covington Stock Yards, 44805; Number handled by us at Covington and Cincinnati, 32350; Average weight of sheep, 112; Average weight of lambs, 60; Average price of sheep, \$3.25; Average price of lambs, \$4.45.

June 1889.—Receipts at Covington Stock Yards, 6290; Number handled by us at Covington and Cincinnati, 39578; Average weight of sheep, 101; Average weight of lambs, 68; Average price of sheep, \$3.97; Average price of lambs, \$4.85.

June 1889.—Receipts at Covington Stock Yards, 54190; Number handled by us at Covington and Cincinnati, 42875; Average weight of sheep, 115; Average weight of lambs, 72; Average price of sheep, \$3.94; Average price of lambs, \$4.40.

Very Respectfully, GREENE & EMBURY.

It is plain that Spokane is one of those empire giants which make their appearance intervals upon the turf, and since his great triumph at Chicago he is worth more than any other rising horse in America. Kentucky and Tennessee have been faithful to Proctor Knott, and their empty pockets attest the depth of the devotion they have lavished upon the big chestnut gelding, but it is now time for them to gracefully acknowledge the superiority of the Mountain colt, since it has been proven in three exciting heats of speed. If our representative had to be beaten we prefer that Spokane should have been the winner, since he is half Kentucky himself, for though not born on Kentucky soil, he is of pure Kentucky blood, and dates his descent from the Bluelegs. It is a pity that Spokane is not entered in any of the great Eastern stakes, where he could meet the blue bloods of the New York racing stables. Although carrying extra and heavy weights, the ease with which he has run the mile, and of Kentucky and California at Chicago proves that he is not likely to meet a dangerous competitor on either side of the Alleghenies.—Courier-Journal.

Richard Johnson, of the Bureau of Animal Industry, who has been traveling in the West with the object of ascertaining what the condition of range and farm cattle is, and what improvements have been made, has returned to the east, and has made a number of observations. "In some sections it is not to be denied that the grade of the cattle has deteriorated in a marked degree. This is especially true of the extreme Northwest and the farms east of the Missouri river. Four or five years ago the range cattle of the Oregon cattle, though by no means confined to the State of Oregon, were by all odds the best to be found on the range. They were nearly invariably three-quarters or five-sixths Durham, ran high in flesh, were young and vigorous, and were known as the Oregon cattle, though by no means confined to the State of Oregon, were by all odds the best to be found on the range. 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